

BUTIR VARIAN GABUNGAN DAYA TARIK dan MINAT

- Butir pertama

$$ab^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{155 - \frac{(39)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{155 - 152.1}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{2.9}{10} = \mathbf{0,29}$$

- Butir kedua

$$ab^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{175 - \frac{(41)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{175 - 168.1}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{6.9}{10} = \mathbf{0,69}$$

- Butir Ketiga

$$ab^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{131 - \frac{(35)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{131 - 122.5}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{8.5}{10} = \mathbf{0,85}$$

- Butir Keempat

$$ab^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{166 - \frac{(40)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{166 - 160}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{6}{10} = \mathbf{0,6}$$

- Butir Kelima

$$ab^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{182 - \frac{(42)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{182 - 176,4}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{5,6}{10} = \mathbf{0,56}$$

- Butir Keenam

$$ab^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{164 - \frac{(40)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{164 - 160}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{4}{10} = \mathbf{0,4}$$

- Butir ketujuh

$$ab^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{132 - \frac{(36)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{132 - 129,6}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{2,4}{10} = \mathbf{0,24}$$

- Butir kedelapan

$$ab^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{152 - \frac{(38)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{152 - 144,4}{10}$$

$$ab^2 = \frac{7,6}{10} = \mathbf{0,76}$$

- Butir Kesembilan

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{151 - \frac{(37)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{151 - 136.9}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{14.1}{10} = \mathbf{1,41}$$

- Butir Kesepuluh

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{169 - \frac{(41)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{169 - 168.1}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{0.9}{10} = \mathbf{0,09}$$

- Butir Kesebelas

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{182 - \frac{(42)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{182 - 176.4}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{5.6}{10} = \mathbf{0,56}$$

- Butir Keduabelas

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{175 - \frac{(41)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{175 - 168.1}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{6.9}{10} = \mathbf{0,69}$$

- Butir ketigabelas

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{112 - \frac{(32)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{112 - 102.4}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{9.6}{10} = \mathbf{0,96}$$

- Butir keempatbelas

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{164 - \frac{(40)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{164 - 160}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{4}{10} = \mathbf{0,4}$$

- Butir kelimabelas

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{171 - \frac{(41)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{171 - 168.1}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{2.9}{10} = \mathbf{0,29}$$

- Butir Keenambelas

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{148 - \frac{(38)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{148 - 144.4}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{3.6}{10} = \mathbf{0,36}$$

- Butir Ketujuhbelas

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{146 - \frac{(38)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{146 - 144.4}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{1.6}{10} = \mathbf{0,16}$$

- Butir Kedelapanbelas

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{148 - \frac{(38)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{148 - 144.4}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{3.6}{10} = \mathbf{0,36}$$

- Butir kesembilanbelas

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{180 - \frac{(42)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{180 - 176.4}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{3.6}{10} = \mathbf{0,36}$$

- Butir keduapuluh

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{146 - \frac{(38)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{146 - 144.4}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{1.6}{10} = \mathbf{0,16}$$

- Butir Keduasatu

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{132 - \frac{(36)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{132 - 129.6}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{2.4}{10} = \mathbf{0,24}$$

- Butir Keduadua

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{171 - \frac{(41)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{171 - 168.1}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{2.9}{10} = \mathbf{0,29}$$

- Butir Keduatiga

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{n}}{n}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{148 - \frac{(38)^2}{10}}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{148 - 144.4}{10}$$

$$\alpha b^2 = \frac{3.6}{10} = \mathbf{0,36}$$